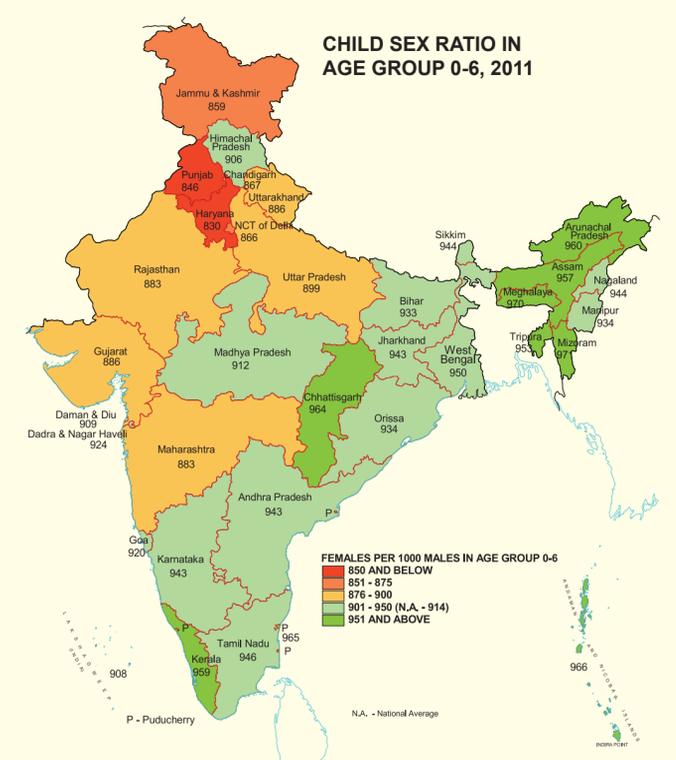
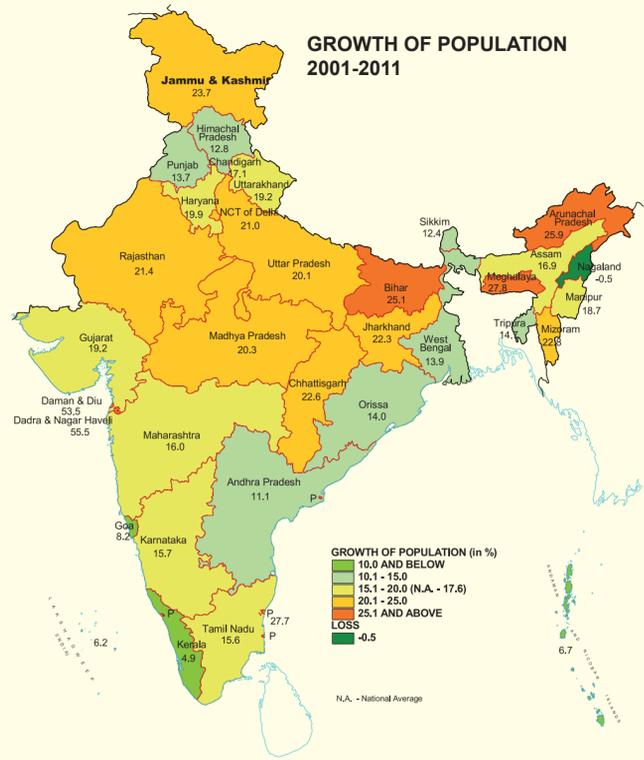
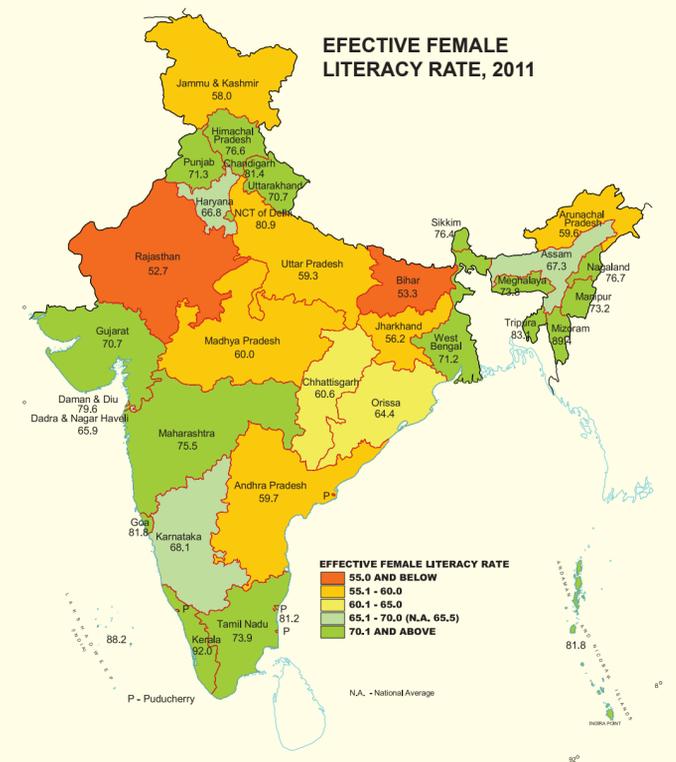
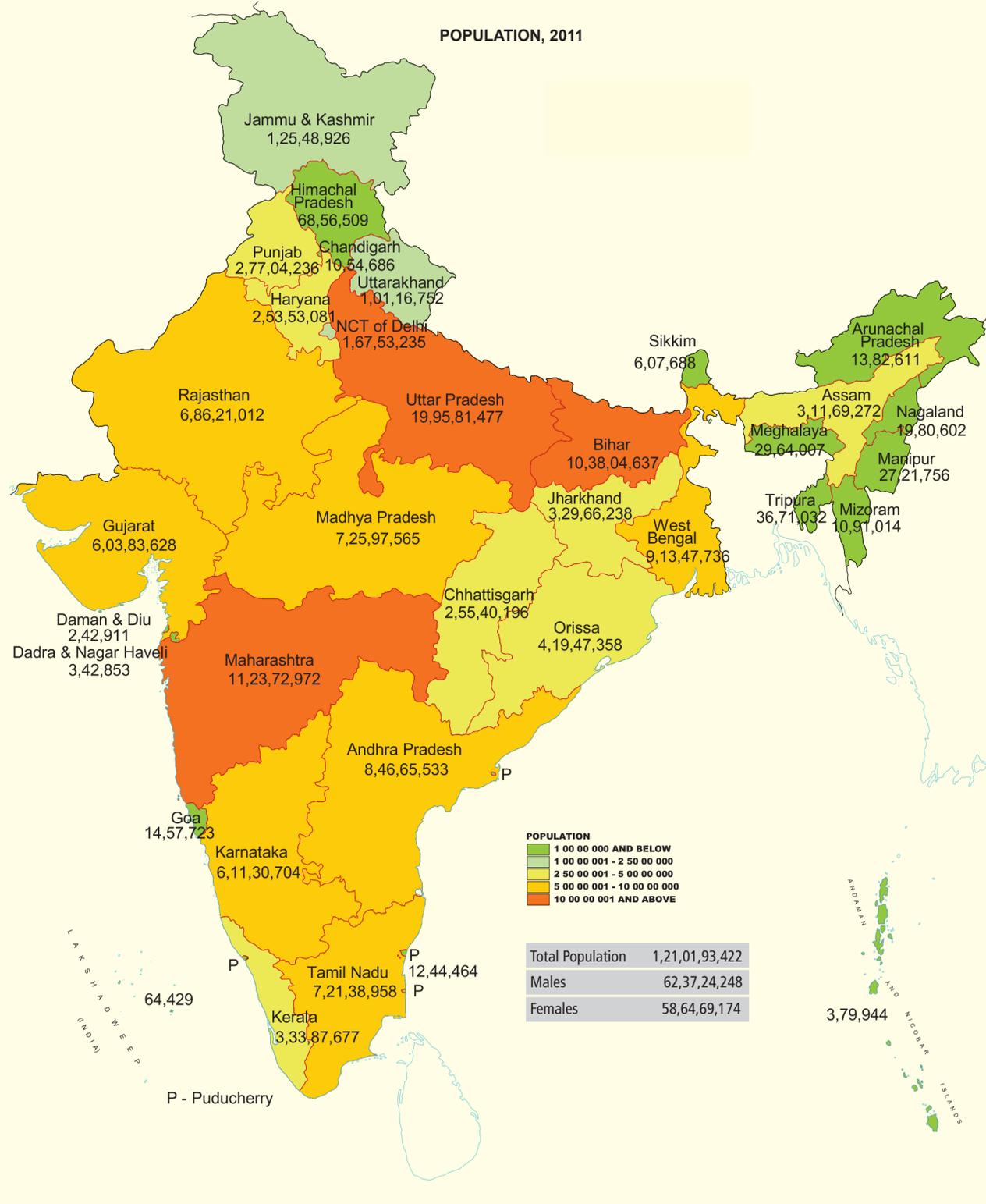
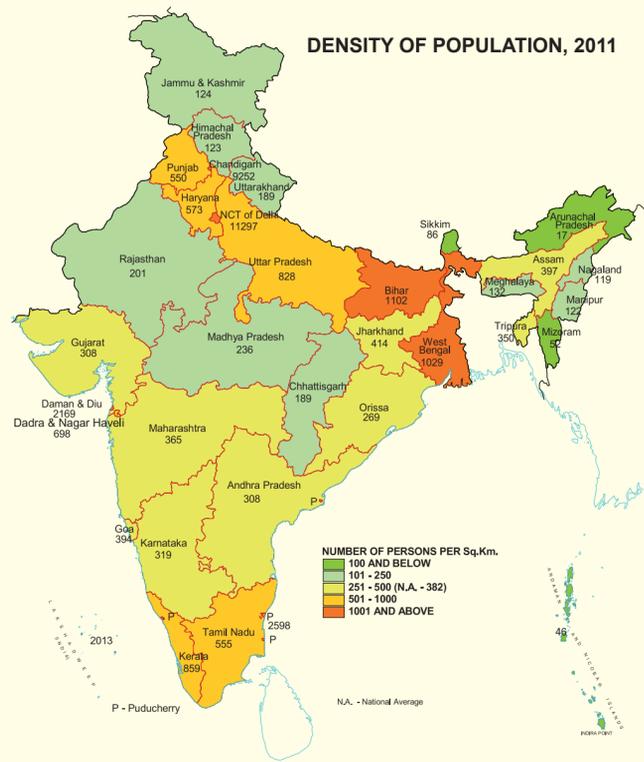




# CENSUS OF INDIA 2011

## PROVISIONAL POPULATION TOTALS - INDIA - DATA SHEET



The responsibility for the correctness of internal details rests with the publisher.

The territorial waters of India extend into the sea to a distance of twelve nautical miles measured from the appropriate base line.

The external boundaries and coastlines of India agree with the Record/Master

The State boundaries between Uttarakhnad and Uttar Pradesh, Bihar & Jharkhand and Chhattisgarh & Madhya Pradesh have not been verified by the Governments concerned.

The administrative headquarters of Chandigarh, Haryana and Punjab are at Chandigarh.

The interstate boundaries amongst Arunachal Pradesh, Assam and Meghalaya shown on this map are as interpreted from the "North-Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) Act, 1971," but have yet to be verified.

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 Ministry of Home Affairs  
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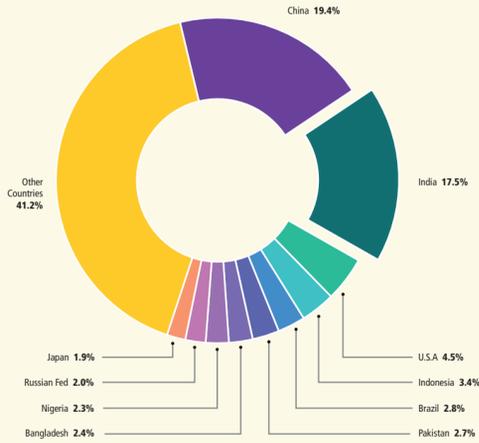
# CENSUS OF INDIA 2011

## PROVISIONAL POPULATION TOTALS - INDIA - DATA SHEET

### India in World Population

•Population of India, at 1210.2 million, is almost equal to the combined population of U.S.A., Indonesia, Brazil, Pakistan, Bangladesh and Japan put together- the population of these six countries totals 1214.3 million!

•Population of India has increased by more than 181 million during the decade 2001-2011. The absolute addition is slightly lower than the population of Brazil, the fifth most populous country in the world!



### Population share of States and Union Territories, India: 2011

•Uttar Pradesh is the most populous State with almost 200 million people, which is more than the population of Brazil.

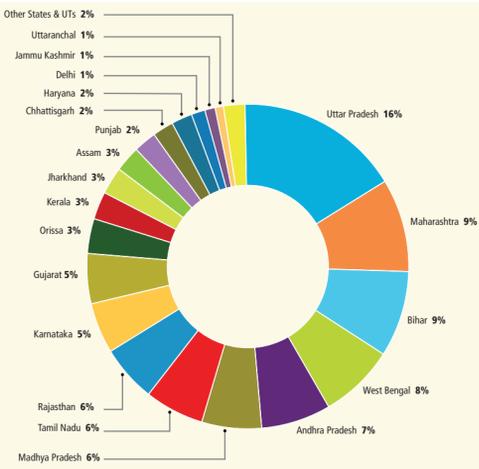
•The combined population of Uttar Pradesh and Maharashtra (the second most populous State), at 312 million, is substantially greater than the population of USA.

•Three-fifth of India's population live in one of the seven States:

Uttar Pradesh: 199.6 million  
Maharashtra: 112.4 million  
Bihar: 103.3 million  
West Bengal: 91.3 million  
Andhra Pradesh: 84.7 million  
Madhya Pradesh: 72.2 million  
Tamil Nadu: 72.1 million

•The least populous State is Sikkim.

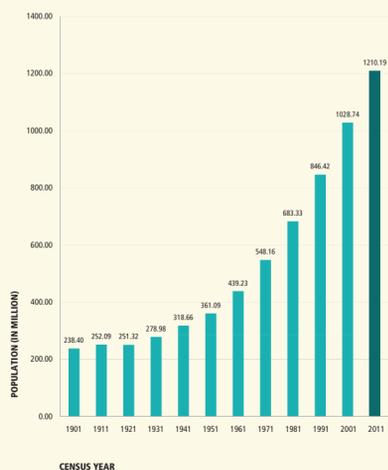
•Among the Union Territories, NCT of Delhi is the most populous.



### Population (in millions), India: 1901-2011

•2001-2011 is the first decade (with the exception of 1911-1921) which has actually added lesser population compared to the previous decade.

•Census 2011 marks a milestone in the demographic history of the country as the percentage decadal growth during 2001-2011 has registered the sharpest decline since independence. For 2001-2011, this decadal growth has become 17.64 percent, a decrease of 3.90 percentage points from 21.54 percent for the period 2001-2011.



State/UT Code	India/State/Union Territory <sup>a</sup>	Total Population	Males	Females	Percentage Decadal Growth 2001-2011	Sex ratio	Density (persons per sq.km.)	Child Population 0-6 Years	Child Sex Ratio (0-6 Years)	Literacy rate Persons	Literacy rate Males	Literacy rate Females
	<b>INDIA</b>	<b>1,210,193,422</b>	<b>623,724,248</b>	<b>586,469,174</b>	<b>17.64</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>158,789,287</b>	<b>914</b>	<b>74.04</b>	<b>82.14</b>	<b>65.46</b>
01	JAMMU & KASHMIR	12,548,926	6,665,561	5,883,365	23.71	883	124	2,008,642	859	68.74	78.26	58.01
02	HIMACHAL PRADESH	6,856,509	3,473,892	3,382,617	12.81	974	123	763,864	906	83.78	90.83	76.60
03	PUNJAB	27,704,236	14,634,819	13,069,417	13.73	893	550	2,941,570	846	76.68	81.48	71.34
04	CHANDIGARH <sup>b</sup>	1,054,686	580,282	474,404	17.10	818	9,252	117,953	867	86.43	90.54	81.38
05	UTTARAKHAND	10,116,752	5,154,178	4,962,574	19.17	963	189	1,328,844	886	79.63	88.33	70.70
06	HARYANA	25,353,081	13,505,130	11,847,951	19.90	877	573	3,297,724	830	76.64	85.38	66.77
07	NCT OF DELHI <sup>b</sup>	16,753,235	8,976,410	7,776,825	20.96	866	11,297	1,970,510	866	86.34	91.03	80.93
08	RAJASTHAN	68,621,012	35,620,086	33,000,926	21.44	926	201	10,504,916	883	67.06	80.51	52.66
09	UTTAR PRADESH	199,581,477	104,596,415	94,985,062	20.09	908	828	29,728,235	899	69.72	79.24	59.26
10	BIHAR	103,804,637	54,185,347	49,619,290	25.07	916	1,102	18,582,229	933	63.82	73.39	53.33
11	SIKKIM	607,688	321,661	286,027	12.36	889	86	61,077	944	82.20	87.29	76.43
12	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	1,382,611	720,232	662,379	25.92	920	17	202,759	960	66.95	73.69	59.57
13	NAGALAND	1,980,602	1,025,707	954,895	-0.47	931	119	285,981	944	80.11	83.29	76.69
14	MANIPUR	2,721,756	1,369,764	1,351,992	18.65	987	122	353,237	934	79.85	86.49	73.17
15	MIZORAM	1,091,014	552,339	538,675	22.78	975	52	165,536	971	91.58	93.72	89.40
16	TRIPURA	3,671,032	1,871,867	1,799,165	14.75	961	350	444,055	953	87.75	92.18	83.15
17	MEGHALAYA	2,964,007	1,492,668	1,471,339	27.82	986	132	555,822	970	75.48	77.17	73.78
18	ASSAM	31,169,272	15,954,927	15,214,345	16.93	954	397	4,511,307	957	73.18	78.81	67.27
19	WEST BENGAL	91,347,736	46,927,389	44,420,347	13.93	947	1,029	10,112,599	950	77.08	82.67	71.16
20	JHARKHAND	32,966,238	16,931,688	16,034,550	22.34	947	414	5,237,582	943	67.63	78.45	56.21
21	ORISSA	41,947,358	21,201,678	20,745,680	13.97	978	269	5,035,650	934	73.45	82.40	64.36
22	CHHATTISGARH	25,540,196	12,827,915	12,712,281	22.59	991	189	3,584,028	964	71.04	81.45	60.59
23	MADHYA PRADESH	72,597,565	37,612,920	34,984,645	20.30	930	236	10,548,295	912	70.63	80.53	60.02
24	GUJARAT	60,383,628	31,482,282	28,901,346	19.17	918	308	7,494,176	886	79.31	87.23	70.73
25	DAMAN & DIU <sup>b</sup>	242,911	150,100	92,811	53.54	618	2,169	25,880	909	87.07	91.48	79.59
26	DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI <sup>b</sup>	342,853	193,178	149,675	55.50	775	698	49,196	924	77.65	86.46	65.93
27	MAHARASHTRA	112,372,972	58,361,397	54,011,575	15.99	925	365	12,848,375	883	82.91	89.82	75.48
28	ANDHRA PRADESH	84,665,533	42,509,881	42,155,652	11.10	992	308	8,642,686	943	67.66	75.56	59.74
29	KARNATAKA	61,130,704	31,057,742	30,072,962	15.67	968	319	6,855,801	943	75.60	82.85	68.13
30	GOA	1,457,723	740,711	717,012	8.17	968	394	139,495	920	87.40	92.81	81.84
31	LAKSHADWEEP <sup>b</sup>	64,429	33,106	31,323	6.23	946	2,013	7,088	908	92.28	96.11	88.25
32	KERALA	33,387,677	16,021,290	17,366,387	4.86	1,084	859	3,322,247	959	93.91	96.02	91.98
33	TAMIL NADU	72,138,958	36,158,871	35,980,087	15.60	995	555	6,894,821	946	80.33	86.81	73.86
34	PUDUCHERRY <sup>b</sup>	1,244,464	610,485	633,979	27.72	1,038	2,598	127,610	965	86.55	92.12	81.22
35	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS <sup>b</sup>	379,944	202,330	177,614	6.68	878	46	39,497	966	86.27	90.11	81.84

### Notes:

- The figures for India and Manipur, include by sex, the estimated population, 0-6 population and literates of Paomata, Mao Maram and Purul sub-divisions of Senapati district of Manipur for Census 2001 and 2011.
- For working out density of India and the State of Jammu & Kashmir, the entire area and population of those portions of Jammu & Kashmir which are under illegal occupation of Pakistan and China have not been taken into account.
- For Census 2011, the population of "Others" has been clubbed with the "Males" for working out population, 0-6 population, literates and related rates and ratios.

Source: Series-1, India, Provisional Population Totals, Paper-I of 2011



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### Growth rates of India, EAG States and non- EAG States and Union Territories, 1951-1961 to 2001-2011

•For the first time, there is a significant fall in growth rate of population in the EAG States after decades of stagnation.

•The percentage decadal growth rates of the six most populous States, namely, Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra, Bihar, West Bengal, Andhra Pradesh and Madhya Pradesh have all fallen during 2001-2011 compared to 1991-2001, the fall being the lowest for Andhra Pradesh (3.5 percentage points) and highest for Maharashtra (6.7 percentage points).



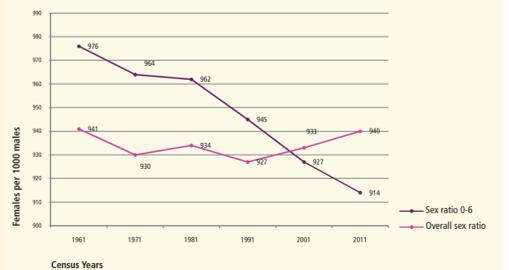
### Child sex ratio 0-6 years and overall sex ratio India: 1961-2011

•The sex ratio of India is 940, the highest since 1971. The sex ratio has risen by seven points since Census 2001.

•Majority of the States identified as gender critical have shown increasing trend in the sex ratio.

•Sex ratio has arisen in all major States, except two, Bihar and Jammu & Kashmir.

•The fall in child sex ratio has been unabated since 1961. As per Census 2011, it has declined to reach an all time low of 914.



### Literacy rates by gender and male-female gap in literacy rates, India: 1951-2011

•Literates constitute 74 percent of the total population aged seven and above.

•A decline of 31,196,847 among literates is noted in Census 2011, a significant milestone!

•Out of 217,700,941 literates added during the decade, females (110,669,001) out number males (107,031,940).

•Literacy rates for males and females work out to be 82.14 percent (+ 6.88) and 65.46 percent (+11.79) has increased compared to 2001. The gender gap in literacy rate has reduced.



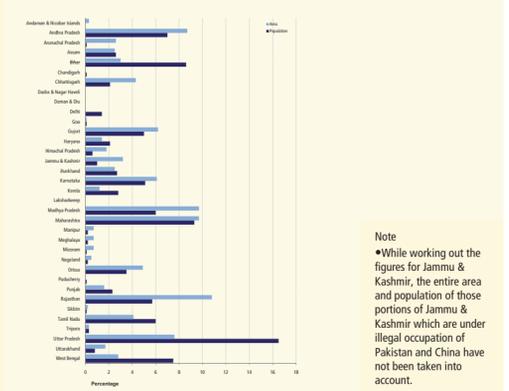
Literacy rates for 1951, 1961 and 1971 Censuses relate to population aged five years and above. The rates for the 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011 Census relate to the population aged seven years and above.

### Area and population 2011 (States/Union Territories)

•The population density of India has gone up to 382 persons per sq. km. in 2011 from 325 persons per sq. km. in 2001.

•India accounts for a meagre 2.4 percent of the world surface area of 135.79 million sq. km and it supports and sustains 17.5 percent of the world population. In contrast, the USA accounts for 7.2 percent of the surface area with only 4.5 per cent of the world population.

•Amongst States, Bihar is the most densely populated State with 1102 persons/sq. km. and Arunachal Pradesh the least densely populated State with 17 persons/sq. km. in 2011.



### Note

•While working out the figures for Jammu & Kashmir, the entire area and population of those portions of Jammu & Kashmir which are under illegal occupation of Pakistan and China have not been taken into account.